## MARINE AMPIDP(OD)S FROM PERUT。

 

 which I have given the name Str nothoer assimilis (heromax. " with which specios it agrees execont in having morespines on tho tolson and thind uropods. From S'. gatlensis Walker bit diflestin the last jumt af the third uropods of the male, which in my sperebe je upturned, serrate and blant, while in the Peruvian sperimens amd in s . assimilis it is straight, smooth, and shapply pointed.

Both these speries are so closely allied to S. cedidu Dana, 1852, that but for the fare that he has figmed the thim peraroperls with a wide basal joint instead of the narme one of the atone two eperies. they might both he refered to it, notwithstamding the trifling difference in the third uropods. I have atrongesmpioion that if Danas's type-specimen could be discovered, it would be foumd that he had overlooked the difference in the form of the joints. S. ussimilis would then be a symonym of S . valide.

## STENOTHOË ASSIMILIS Chevreux.

 guano).


 gular, anterion margin wery consex, inferion margin concate. Coxal phates of thend pair larger than those of fouth pair. Postorion angles of epimeral phates of hast regment of metasme a lithle produced lackward, hardly acote.

Eyes of medimm size, remme containing at very later mamber of medli.




 of peduncle and containing ten articlos.

[^0]Palp of anterior maxille with a row of sumes along inner margin of serond segment; outer lobe amed with six large spines. Posterior maxillse with only a rurliment of an inner lobe, armed with three small spines; outer lobe bears ten spines on distal margin. Inner lobe of maxillipeds reaches a third the length of the contiguous article.

Anterior gnathopods remarkable for the size of their meral article, which is almost twice as long as carpus and is probonged to extremity of the latter; propodus oval, much longer than "arpus, and nearly twice as long as wide; its palmar borders separated from the penterion boder by a group of small spines upon which the extremity of the dactyl (an rest; distal part of immer border of dactyl bears a smafl tooth.

Posterior snathoporls well developed; basal article recurved rather strongly in distal part; three following articles very short; proporlus oval, more than twice as long as wide, anterior border a regular curve; posterior border, fused with palmar border, has a straight portion, finely ciliated, ending, near arlimbation of daty, in a long, sharp, curved tooth, followed by a deep, narrow ent; dactylus as long as propodus, abruptly bent, near its base, finely ciliated on the ereater part of its imer border, which has a slight emargimation near the tip).


In the perapopods of the first two pairs, the merns is produred forward to form a sharplobe; propodus mueh longer than carpus.
basal article of perempods of thid pair marow, anterion and posteriow maryins paraflel; merus similar to, but latere than, that of preceding peratopods.

Basal article of pereopods of two last pairs strongly diated hehind, nearly as who as long in fourth pair, and nowably wider than long in fifth pair; morns pobnored nearly to end of carpus. Pereopods of fifth pair shorter than the preceding.

Extremitios of three pairs of uropods reach nearly the same line. Pedumele of uropols of last pair much longer than branch; first article of braneh not guite so long as last come.

Telson subtriangular, a lithe longer than wide, bearing three pairs of large lateral spines.

Female. Antenne a lithe shortor than in male. Anterior guathopeds difler lithe; nevertheless, in the femate the merns is less devoloped and is not nearly twioe as long as carpus. Posterior gnathopods almost as large as in male but differ in the propodus a litte shorter, and the patmar margin bearing only we short, straight tooth and no deep cut; dactyls regularly curved.


[^0]:    
    b Amph. of Peat oyste Fisheries, 1901, 1, 291, pl. 111, lig. 19.
    c See Anu. Mag. Nit. Hist., ser. S, vol. (;, 1910, pp, :31-32.

